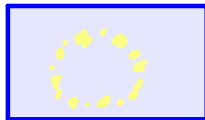


BINARY SYMMETRIES OF TRACTABLE NON-RIGID STRUCTURES

MICHAEL PINSKER

TU WIEN

THE CONSTRAINT SATISFACTION PROBLEM :
COMPLEXITY & APPROXIMABILITY
DAGSTUHL 05/2015



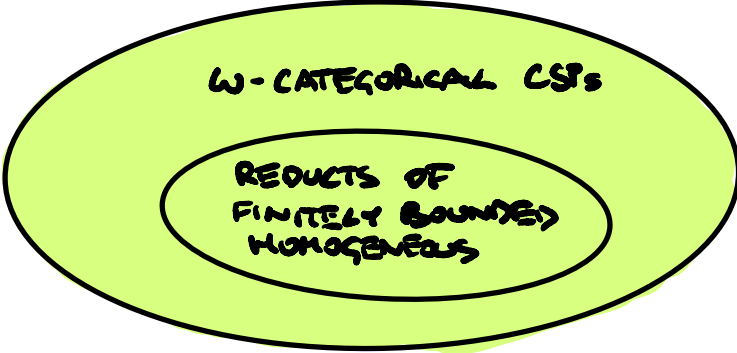
EUROPEAN RESEARCH COUNCIL

ERC SYNERGY GRANT

POCOCOP (CA 101071674)

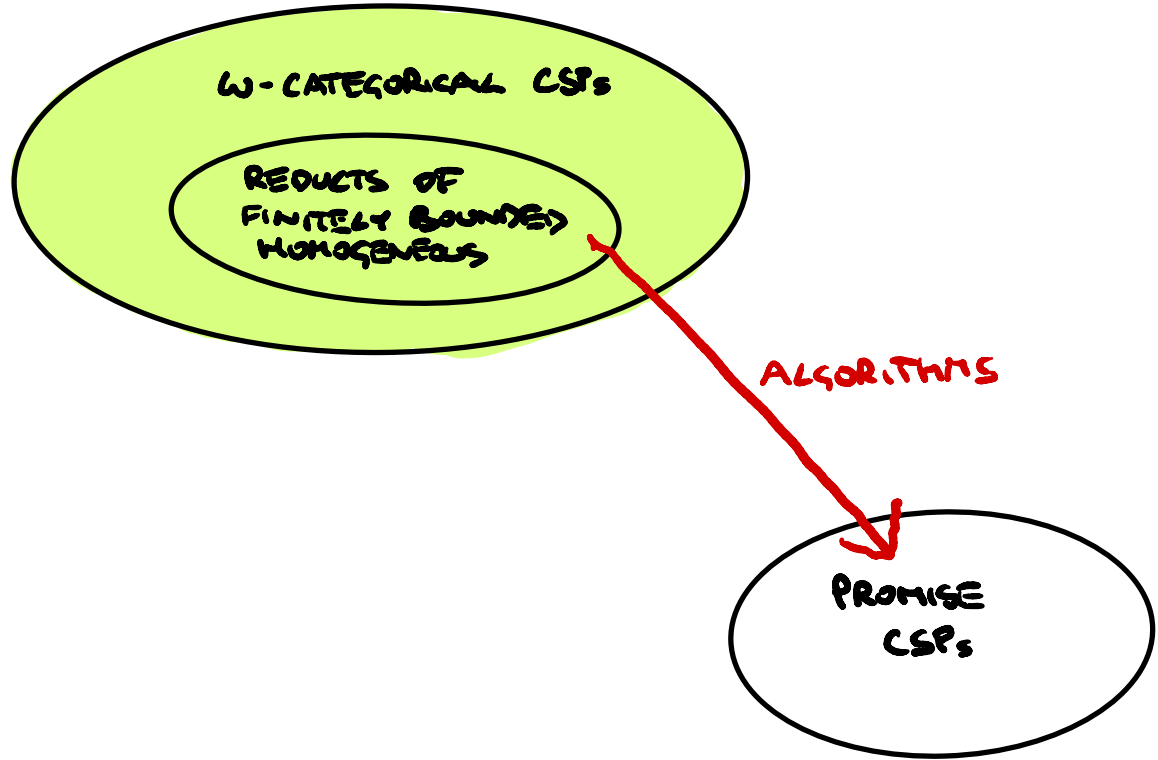


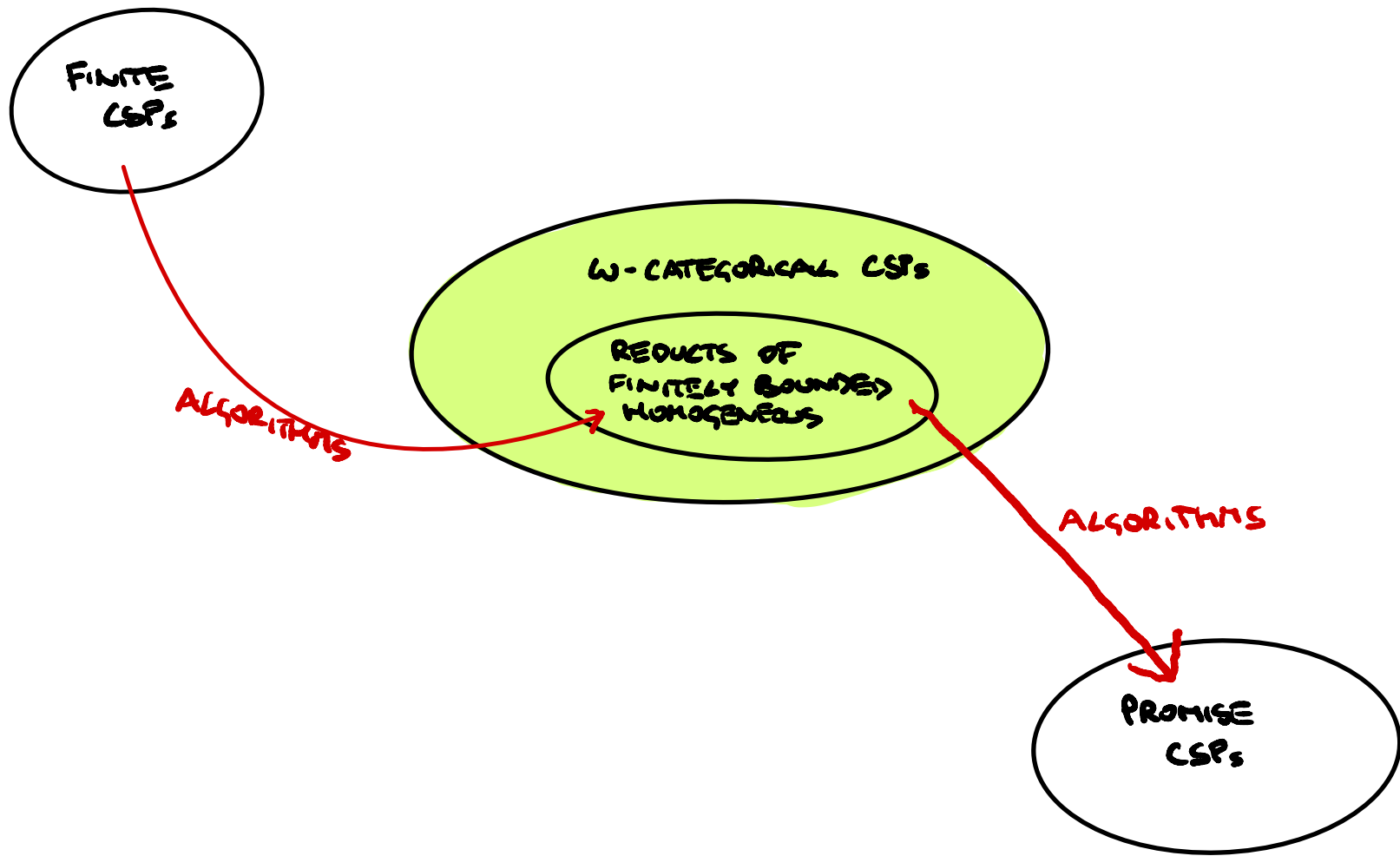
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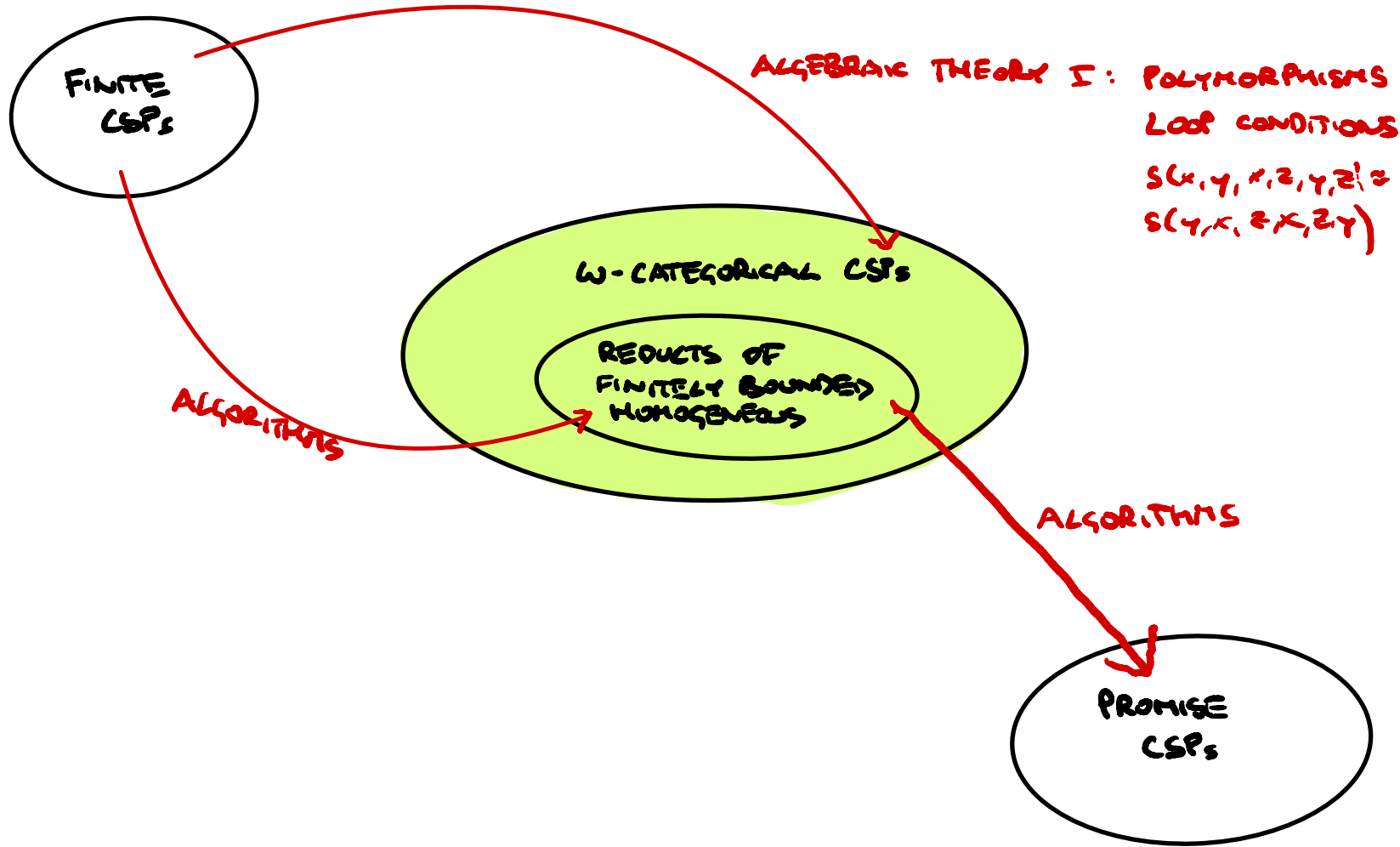


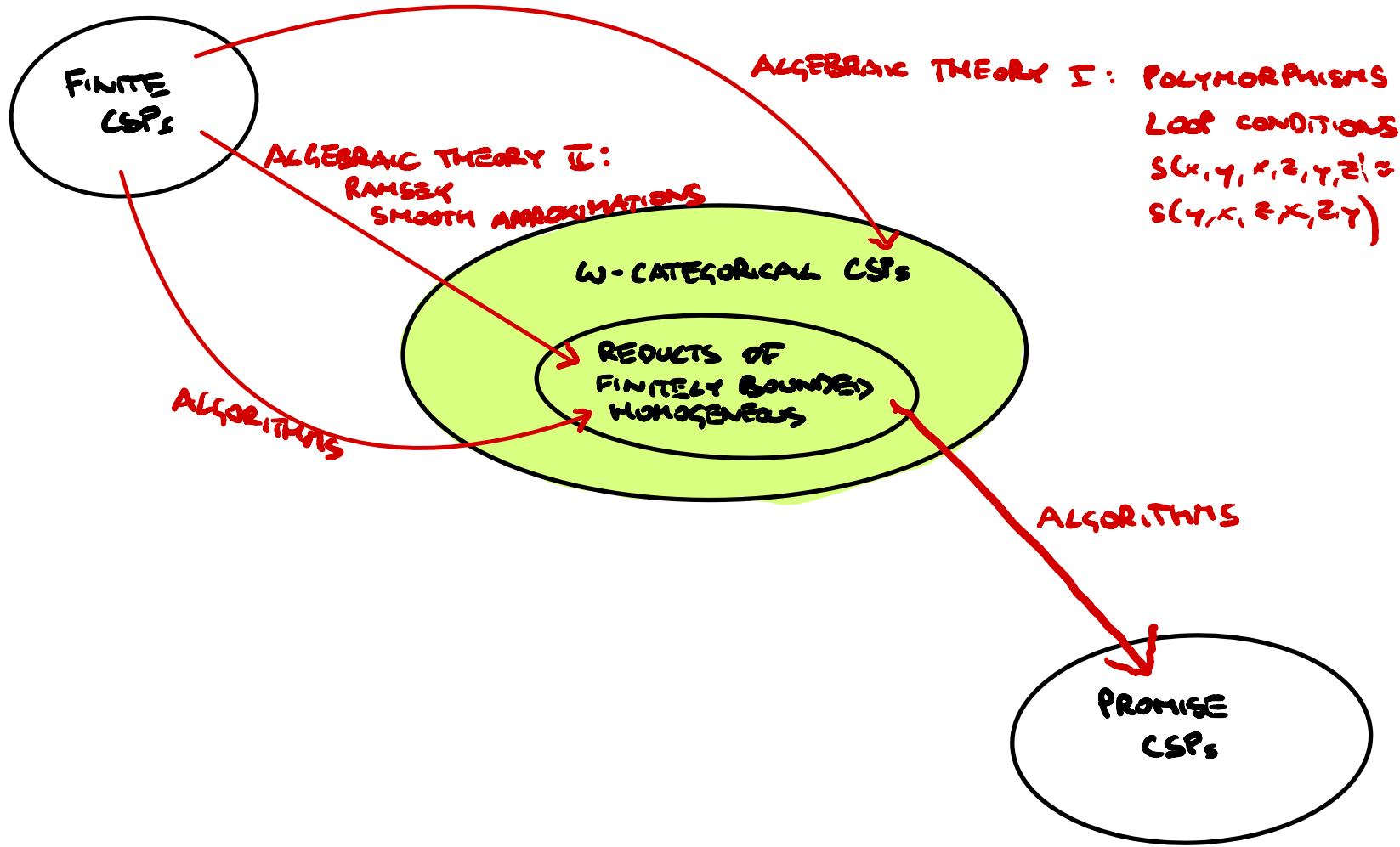
W-CATEGORICAL CSIs

REODUCTS OF
FINITELY BOUNDED
HOMOGENEOUS









$\mathcal{A} \dots$ CSP TEMPLATE: FINITE DA $\mathcal{W}$ -CATEGORICAL CORE:

$$\overline{\text{Aut } \mathcal{A}} = \text{End } (\mathcal{A})$$

$\mathcal{A} \dots$ CSP TEMPLATE: FINITE OR ω -CATEGORICAL CORE:

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WHEN DO WE KNOW $\text{CSP}(\mathbb{A})$ IS NP-HARD?

CERTAINLY IF $\text{Pol}(\mathbb{A})$ ESSENTIALLY UNARY:

$$\forall f(x_1, \dots, x_n) \exists i \exists g \quad f(x_1, \dots, x_n) \approx g(x_i)$$

$f \mapsto \text{PROJ?}$ CONTINUOUS CLONE HOMOMORPHISM

$\Rightarrow \mathbb{A}$ PP-INTERPRETS EVERYTHING

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MINIMAL AMOUNT OF STRUCTURE IF $\text{Pol}(A)$ ESSENTIAL?

(NOT ESS. UNARY)

THM (ROSENBERG '80)

$\text{Aut } A = \{id\}$

$\text{Pol}(A)$ ESSENTIAL $\Rightarrow$ CONTAINS

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- A BINARY OPERATION

OR

- A MAJORITY OPERATION:

OR $m(x, x, y) = m(x, y, x) = m(y, x, x) = x$

- $x + y + z$ FOR + A BOOLEAN GROUP ACTION

OR

- A SEMI PROJECTION f

$\exists i: f(x_1, \dots, x_n) = x_i$

IF $| \{x_1, \dots, x_n\} | < n$

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$|A|$ NON-RIGID: $\text{Aut } A \neq \{id\}$?

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BUT: • STRUCTURAL INSIGHT

• RIGID $\leadsto$ NON-RIGID

$\leadsto$ ω -CATEGORICAL

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THM (BODIRSKY + CHEN '07)

A ω -CATEGORICAL, $\text{Pol}(A)$ ESS. $\Rightarrow$

- BINARY
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FUN FACT: USE RAMSEY'S THM

PROVING TRACTABILITY IN PRACTICE:

FIND **BINARY ESS. POLYMORPHISM**, BUILD ON THIS.

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PROOF

Lemma 40. Let $f: V^k \rightarrow V$ be an essential operation. Then f generates a binary essential operation.

PROVING TRACTABILITY IN PRACTICE:

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Lemma 40. *Let $f: V^k \rightarrow V$ be an essential operation. Then f generates a binary essential operation.*

LEMMA 6.1.29. *Let $\mathcal{C}$ be a clone with an essential operation that contains a permutation group $\mathcal{G}$ with the orbital extension property. Then $\mathcal{C}$ must also contain a binary essential operation.*

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COROLLARY 6.1.31. *Let $\mathfrak{B}$ be an infinite 2-set-transitive structure with an essential polymorphism. Then $\mathfrak{B}$ also has a binary essential polymorphism.*

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Proposition 22. *Let $\mathbb{A}$ be a first-order reduct of a homogeneous structure $\mathbb{B}$ such that $\mathbb{B}$ has a free orbit. If $\text{Pol}(\mathbb{A})$ contains an essential function, then it contains a binary essential operation.*

FIND BINARY ESS. POLYMORPHISM, BUILD ON THIS.

IN PARTICULAR: BINARY INJECTION

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IN PARTICULAR: BINARY INJECTION

THEOREM 7.2.1. *Let $\mathfrak{B}$ be a structure with a 3-transitive automorphism group such that $\text{Pol}(\mathfrak{B})$ contains an essential operation but no constant operation. Then $\text{Pol}(\mathfrak{B})$ also contains a binary injective operation.*

FIND BINARY ESS. POLYMORPHISM, BUILD ON THIS .

IN PARTICULAR: BINARY INJECTION

THEOREM 7.2.1. Let $\mathfrak{B}$ be a structure with a 3-transitive automorphism group such that $\text{Pol}(\mathfrak{B})$ contains an essential operation but no constant operation. Then $\text{Pol}(\mathfrak{B})$ also contains a binary injective operation.

Proposition 25. Let $\mathbb{A}$ be a first-order reduct of a transitive ω -categorical structure $\mathbb{B}$ such that the canonical binary structure of $\text{Aut}(\mathbb{B})$ has finite duality. If $\text{Pol}(\mathbb{A})$ contains a binary essential function preserving $\neq$, then it contains a binary injective function.

FIND BINARY ESS. POLYMORPHISM, BUILD ON THIS.

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LEMMA 3.6. Let $f: H_n^2 \rightarrow H_n$ be a binary essential function that preserves E and N . Then f generates a binary injection.

BODIRSKY'S QUESTIONS

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(2) Does every primitive oligomorphic permutation group have the orbital extension property (Definition 6.1.28)? $\Rightarrow$ BINARY ESSENTIAL

$\exists$ ORBIT O OF $G \curvearrowright A^2 \quad \forall (a,b) \in O \quad \exists c \quad O(a,c) \cap O(b,c)$

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Thank you!

THM (BODIPSEK + CHEN '07)

(A ω -CATEGORICAL, $\text{POL}(A)$ ESS. $\Rightarrow$

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- QUASI-SEMPROJECTION

FUN FACT: USE RAMSEY'S THM

THM (BODINSKY + CHEN '07) MARIMON + P. '25

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WHEN DO WE KNOW $\text{CSP}(A)$ IS NP-HARD?

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WHEN DO WE KNOW $\text{CSP}(A)$ IS NP-HARD?

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$\text{Pol}(A) \xrightarrow{\text{CONF.}} \text{PROJECTIONS}$

I.E. (A) DOES NOT PP-INTERPRET
EVERYTHING

THM (BODIRSKY + CHEN '07) MARIMON + P. '25

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Thm (P. RIVAL + SCHÖBI + SPÖSS '25)

$\mathcal{A}$ DATALOG-INTERREDUCIBLE WITH PR-INJECTIVE $\mathcal{A}'$

$\text{POL}(\mathcal{A})$ EQ. NON-TRIVIAL $\Leftrightarrow \text{POL}(\mathcal{A}')$ EQ. NON-TRIVIAL

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LIBOR'S DREAM

CSP(A) NO BINARY POLYMORPHISM $\Rightarrow$ REDUCTION FROM K_3
(*) ~~2x~~

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EXAMPLE

1A ... "ORDER CONSTRAINT LANGUAGE"

"CONSTRAINTS ONLY DEPEND ON ORDER OF ELEMENTS"

"1A REDUCT OF $(Q, <)$ "

"TEMPORAL TEMPLATE"

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NONE THELESS: INGREDIENT FOR COMPLEXITY (BODIRGULI & LAURA '08)

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NONETHELESS: INGREDIENT FOR COMPLEXITY (BODIRSKY ET AL. '08)

THM

(BRUNAR + P. + SCHÖB: DAKSTUHL '25)

$\text{POL}(A)$ EQV. NON-TRIVIAL $\Rightarrow \text{POL}(A) \models \kappa S(a, r, c, a) \approx \beta S(r, a, r, c)$

When you solve a CSP
you must avoid the graph K_3
the graph K_3 will follow you
unless you strike with arity two

Thank you!

THM (MARLOW + P. '25)

$\mathcal{A}$ ω -CATEGORICAL OR FINITE & $\text{Aut}(\mathcal{A})$ NOT FREE BOOLEAN
 $\text{Pol}(\mathcal{A})$ EQU. NON-TRIVIAL $\Rightarrow$ • BINARY