Analysis 2 for Computer Science

Exercise class 9

- **Problem 1)** Solve the following partial differential equation. $u_{xx} + u_x + x + y = 1$
- **Problem 2)** Solve the following partial differential equation. $xyu_x + u_y = xy\cos(x)$

Problem 3) We consider the following partial differential equation:

$$xu_x + 2yu_y = 0.$$

- (a) Determine the general solution of this differential equation.
- (b) Determine the solution which also satisfies:

$$u\left(x,\frac{1}{x}\right) = x.$$

Problem 4) A function u(x, y) is called *homogeneous* of degree n, if

$$u(\lambda x, \lambda y) = \lambda^n u(x, y)$$

holds for all $\lambda > 0$ and x, y. Differentiate this equation with respect to λ to show: if u is furthermore a continuously differentiable function, then it satisfies the following linear partial differential equation of order 1:

$$xu_x + yu_y = nu.$$

What is the general solution of this differential equation?

Problem 5) Solve the initial value problem

$$u_t + u^2 u_x = 0, \qquad u(x,0) = x.$$

Hint: Show first, that u satisfies u = f(x - tg(u)).

Problem 6) Classify the following partial differential equations of order 2 (hyperbolic, parabolic or elliptic):

- (a) $u_{xx} + 2u_{xy} + u_{yy} + u_x + u_y = 0$,
- (b) $u_{xx} + 2u_{xy} + 5u_{yy} + u_x + u = 0$,
- (c) $3u_{xx} 8u_{xy} + 4u_{yy} u = 0$,
- $(d) \quad u_{xy} + xyu_{yy} + u_y = 0,$
- (e) $u_{xx} + yu_{yy} + \frac{1}{2}u_y = 0.$