

# Clones from ideals (Part I)

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June 2007 / Tampere

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# The clone lattice

$X$  ... base set.

$\mathcal{O}^{(n)} = X^{X^n} = \{f : X^n \rightarrow X\}$  ...  $n$ -ary functions on  $X$ .

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$Cl(X) = \{\mathcal{C} \subseteq \mathcal{O} : \mathcal{C} \text{ clone}\}$  ... lattice of clones (with inclusion).

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## Fact

$\mathcal{C}_I$  clone for all ideals  $I$ .

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If we know the position of  $\mathcal{C}_I$  in  $\text{Cl}(\text{supp}(I))$ , then we know its position in  $\text{Cl}(X)$ .

We assume:  $\text{supp}(I) = X$  and  $I$  has at least one but not all infinite sets.

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$I$  countably generated  $\rightarrow \mathcal{C}_I$  maximal.

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$\hat{I} := (I^d)^d$ .

Alternatively:  $\hat{I} := \{A \subseteq X : \forall B \subseteq A \exists C \subseteq B (C \in I)\}$ .

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## Theorem

$I \subseteq \hat{I}$ .

$\mathcal{C}_I \subseteq \mathcal{C}_{\hat{I}}$ .

$I = J \leftrightarrow \mathcal{C}_I = \mathcal{C}_J$ .

$\mathcal{C}_I \subseteq \mathcal{C}_J \rightarrow I \subseteq J \subseteq \hat{I}$ . The implication cannot be reversed.

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## Theorem (Answer to the problem of Czédli and Heindorf)

- Every ideal clone can be extended to a maximal ideal clone.
- Every maximal clone extending an ideal clone is an ideal clone.

# $2^{2^{\aleph_0}}$ maximal clones on $\omega$ without the Axiom of Choice

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The ideals are distinct, i.e. if  $A_1 \neq A_2$ , then  $(X_{A_1})^d \neq (X_{A_2})^d$ :

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Therefore the corresponding clones are distinct and maximal.